

The invention relates to the medicine, physiology, and psychology, in particular to the method for correction and prophylaxis of the pathological states. The optical stimuli are presented to the patient, and the patient's responses to the stimuli are assessed. Then the responses to the optical stimuli are compared with the known responses characteristic of particular pathological states. Based on the results of the examination, the correcting and preventing measures, single or complex ones, are selected. According to the invention, the presented optical stimuli are placed outside the center of the perceptive visual or receptive space or beyond the central part of the retina. The optical stimuli are then presented again after diagnostic impact on the body and/or the psychics of the patient.